

OECD International Academy for Tax Crime Investigation Scuola di Polizia Economico-Finanziaria Guardia di Finanza, Ostia, Italy 22 March 2024

Grace Evelyn A. Lacerna Bureau of Internal Revenue Philippines



- The main motive for cross-border organized crime is FINANCIAL GAIN.
- As a consequence, competent authorities should be given the means to trace, freeze, seize, manage and confiscate/forfeit the proceeds of crime.

The effective prevention of and fight against organized crimes should be achieved by:

- neutralizing the proceeds of crime and these should be extended to any property deriving from activities of a criminal nature.



Among the most effective means of combating organized crimes are:

- ☐ Provide for severe legal consequences for committing such crimes; and
- ☐ Effective detection and the freezing and confiscation of the instrumentalities and proceeds of crime.



RESTRAINT/FREEZING ORDER PURPOSE

- To ensure that assets are preserved which may be subsequently be required to satisfy a Confiscation/Forfeiture Order.

CONFISCATION/FORFEITURE ORDER PURPOSE

- To deprive the criminals of the benefits they have gained from criminal conduct.

Organized Crime Groups (OCGs) operate without borders and increasingly acquire assets both domestically and internationally – your own country and other countries.

Therefore, there is a crucial need for *effective* international cooperation on asset recovery and mutual legal assistance.

Explore the ways to strengthen asset recovery legislations, including the possibility of introducing legislation on **Non-Conviction Based (NCB) Confiscation**.

Develop internationally-endorsed policies, guidelines and procedures for transparent and accountable management of returned stolen assets.



By using the benefits of civil recovery – **NCB** and **lower burden of proof** – law enforcement has an opportunity to strike at the profits generated by financial crimes.

Asset forfeiture continues to hold great potential for attacking large scale financial crimes.

Existing case law demonstrates that forfeitures can be accomplished through modes of proof that are relatively straight forward when tracing the flow of funds from illegal activities.

Even beyond that, indirect methods of tracing the movements of money may offer new means for reaching the proceeds of illegal activities and bankrupting complex criminal enterprises/OCGs thereby putting them out of business.

Then, we make this world a better place to live in. So remember – **Every contact leaves the trace. Follow the money.**



Grazie!

grace.evelyn.lacerna@bir.gov.ph

