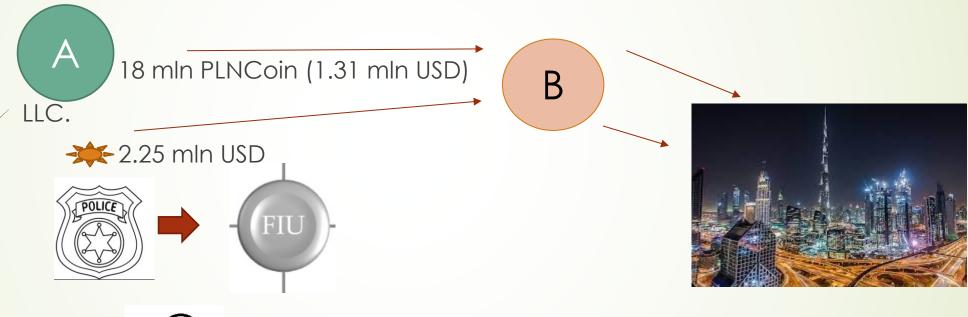
CASE STUDY

Fraudulent VCE (Virtual Computing Environment), Tax Fraud & Organized Crime

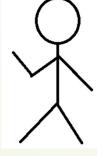
Genesis of the case

 Notification under art. 16 of Polish AML Law (special services might by delegated to serve in the FIU eg. Central Anti-Corruption Bureau, Internal SecurityAgency)



Person

Α



- * power of attorney to the B's account
- * member of and organized tax fraud group

The story continues





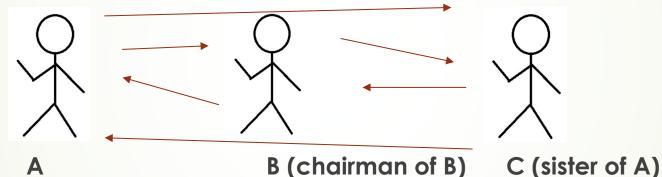
record of bitcoin wallet transaction of Company





ANALYSIS OF THE OVER-THRESHOLD TRANSACTIONS (over 15 660 USD)

2012-2017



Numerous cash transactions (deposits and withdrawals)
High amounts transfers back and forth
Personal and corporate accounts involved

2015-2016

E





3.91 mln USD Bitcoins were purchased

B's income



Few months earlier



FIU's action

Blocked



accounts (3.12 mln USD – art. 16 AML, 2.26 mln USD)





informed that blocked money (4.07 mln USD) is Bitcoin loan agreement with



Borrower and chairman B

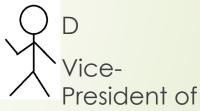


lender



keeping A revealed:







Was created to allow OCG to allocate money in Bitcoins





Further findings



370 000 USD, 1.78 USD

A (also has the PoA)



blocked



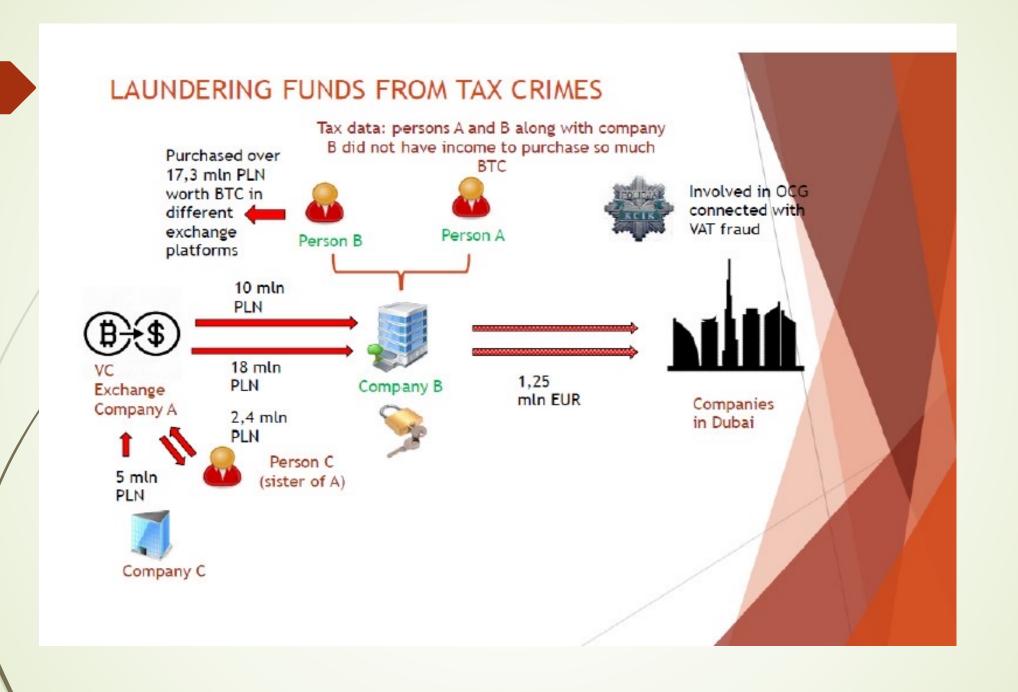
From the company that was

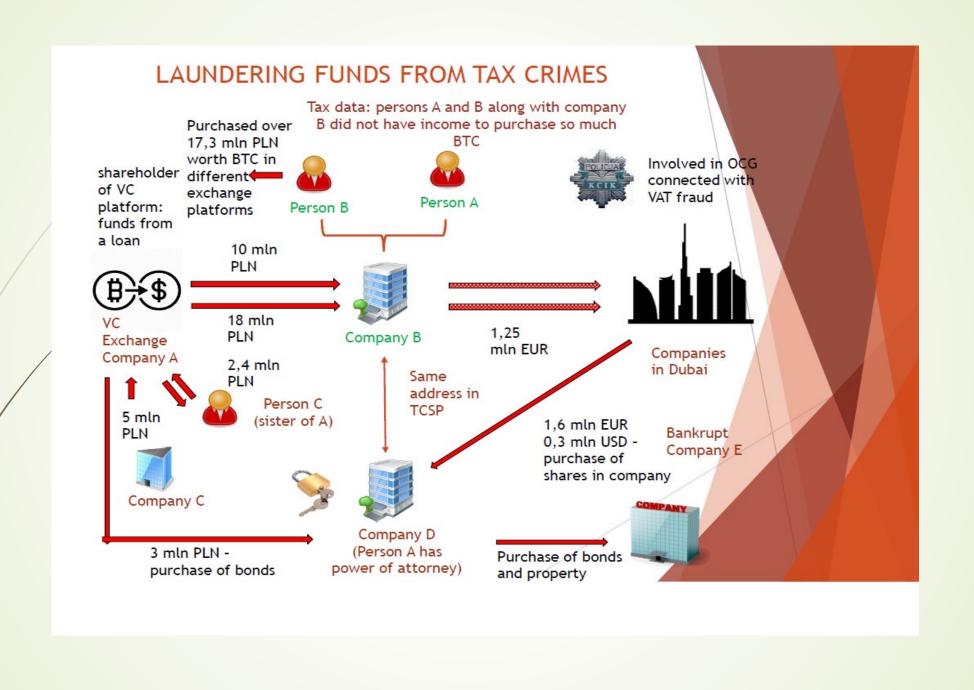
beneficiary of



MAJOR CASE MANAGEMENT?

- Cryptocurrencies + ML
- Numerous transborder transactions (high amounts involved)
- Complex corporate structure

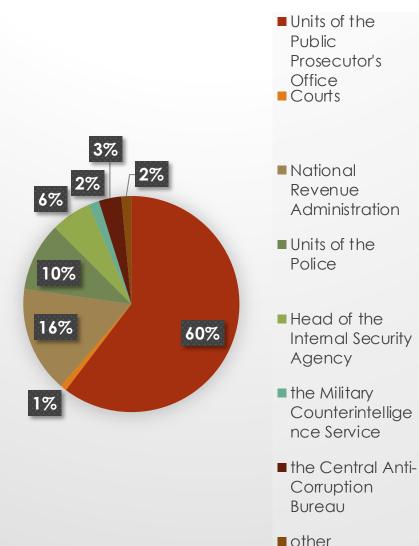


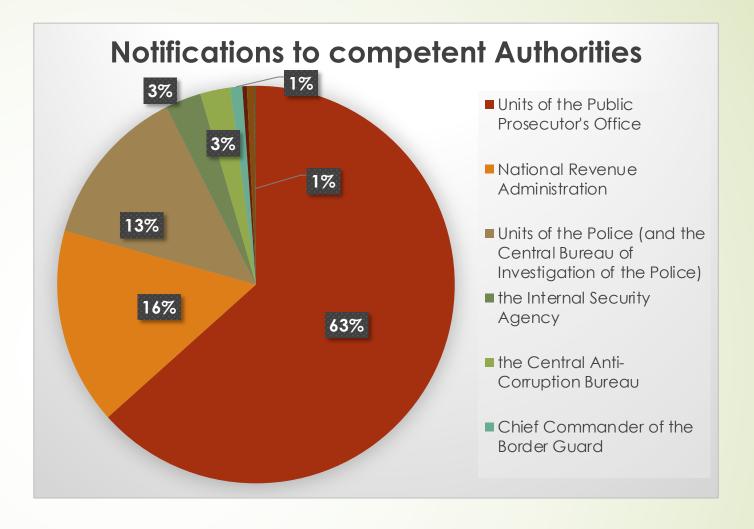


FIU tools

- SIGIIF system
- Database of above-threshold transactions (15 000 EUR)
- Land registers
- Information on tax payers from tax databases
- Criminal records from the police
- XAT Information Exchange System
- Customs databases
- Request info from the obliged entities

Requests from competent authorities





Way forward

Thank you for Your attention

Bardzo Dziękuję!

