



CROSS –BORDER VAT- FRAUD INVESTIGATIONS

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01

THE BEGINNING OF INVESTIGATIONS



Report of the Berlin Tax Investigation Office to the EPPO











Why did the report go to the EPPO?

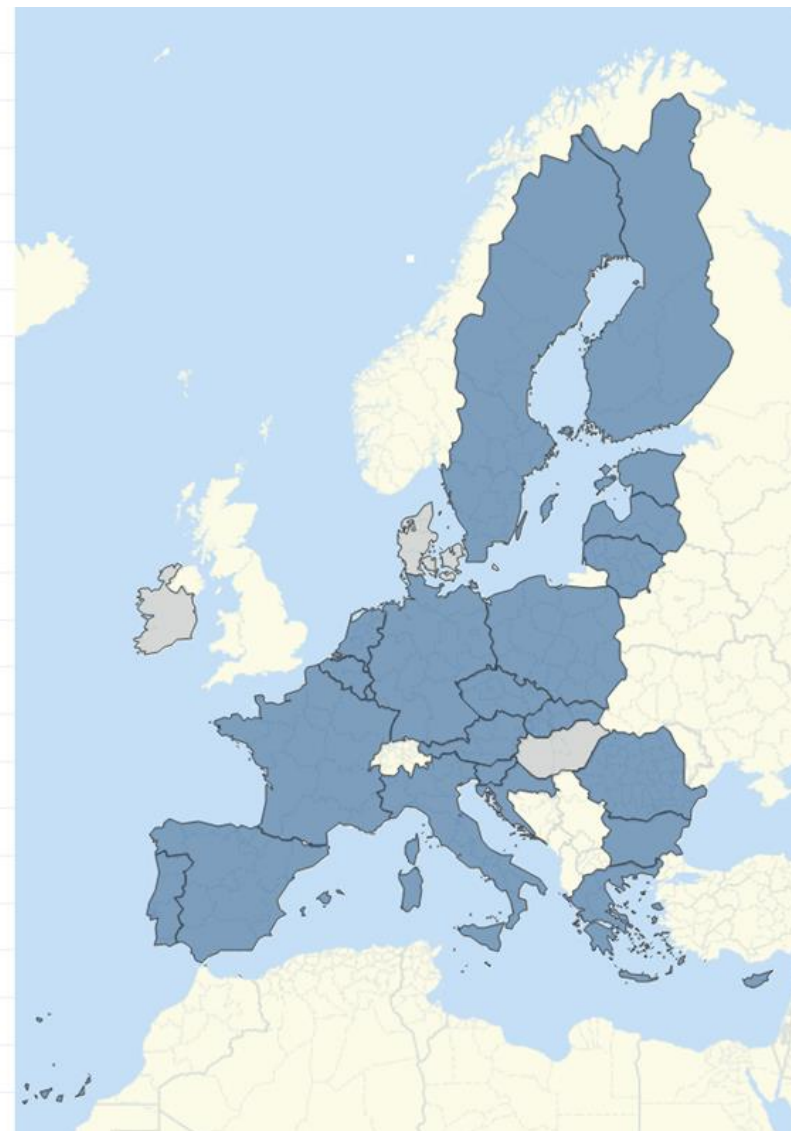
National prosecution of cross-border VAT fraud in the EU Member States is limited by:

- scarce resources
- complex and transnational circumstances
- slowness of mutual legal assistance
- differing prosecution standards
- lack of interest in criminal prosecution
(protection of own shadow economy / avoidance of recourse)



- 24 current EPPO Member States
- Offences against the financial interests of the EU: fraud, corruption, money laundering and cross-border VAT fraud (damage > 10 Mio. €)
- Supranational and independent organisation
 - > facilitating cross-border investigations
 - > confiscating assets in other Member States

	Austria
	Belgium
	Bulgaria
	Croatia
	Cyprus
	Czechia
	Estonia
	Finland
	France
	Germany
	Greece
	Italy
	Latvia
	Lithuania
	Luxembourg
	Malta
	Netherlands
	Poland
	Portugal
	Romania
	Slovakia
	Slovenia
	Spain
	Sweden



Stand: 03/2025



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Car dealer X GmbH:

- claims monthly refunds of EUR 6 mio. as a professional “net-intermediate trader “from invoices of various domestic sellers = missing trader according to investigations by other tax investigations
- sales by way of intra-Community deliveries to other EU countries, so that the tax refunds remain as profit





Investigation approach

Investigations into the criminal system -> Analysis of criminal structures

- Financial investigations
- Identification of trade chains
- Cross-border investigations
- Identification of backers
- Seizure of assets



Key issues:

- Procurement of investigative resources from the tax investigation department, the State Office of Criminal Investigation, financial investigators and economic experts
- Development of the investigation team
- Cooperation with other public prosecutors' offices in Germany and abroad

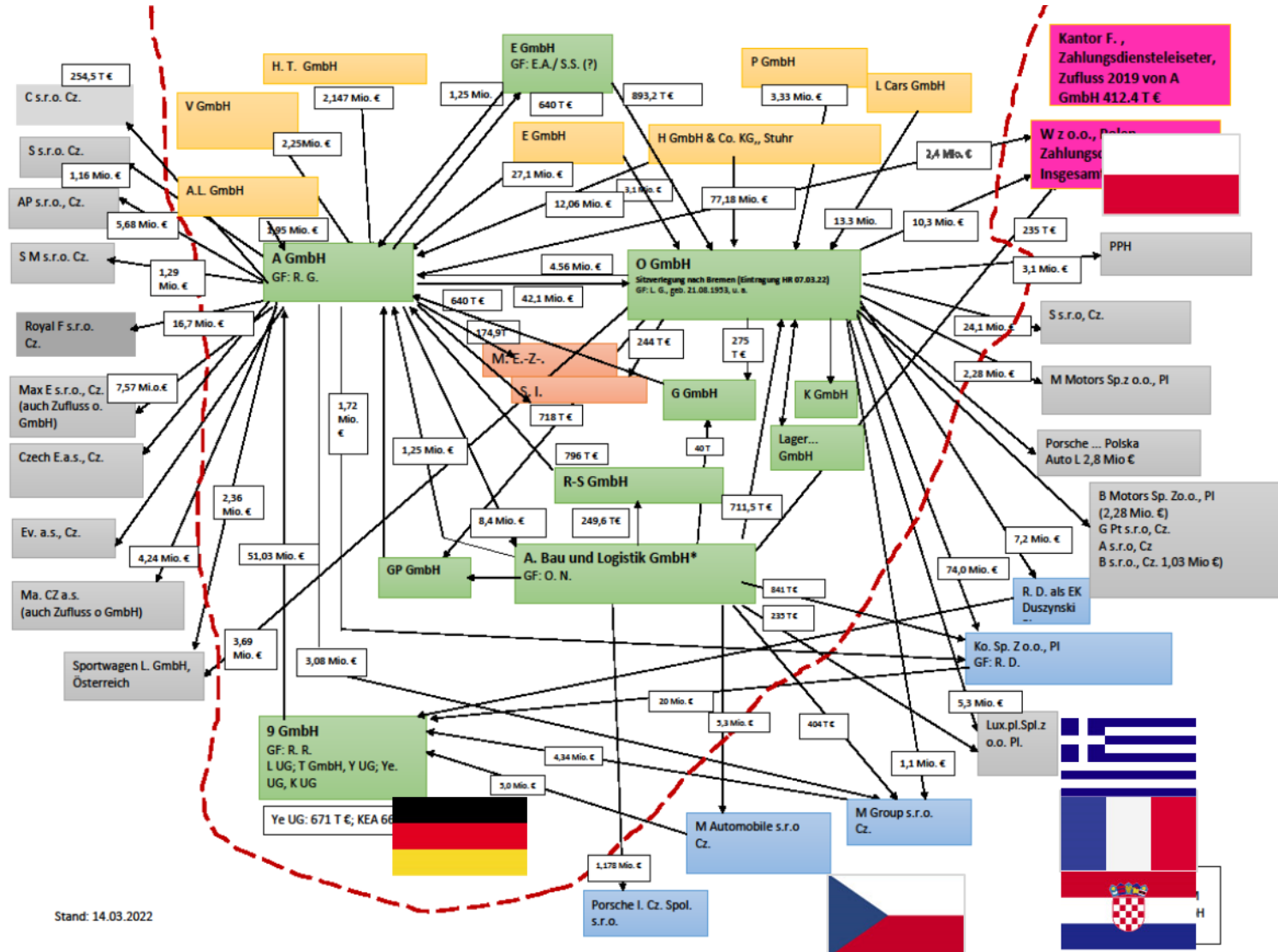


02

Gaining access to the case



Analysis of money flows



-> Key role of money laundering structures

-> Uncovering a cross-border criminal system with losses in the hundreds of millions

-> Investigations revealed further criminal offenses:

- money laundering
- forgery of documents
- false certification
- tracing of assets

Challenges and Solutions

Challenges:

- Large amount of evidence
- Limited Capacities
- Management of a very complex case
- Legal requirements: limited duration of pre-trial detention



Solutions:

- Focus on the most important invoice chains
- Creation of a database on 1.300 traded cars
- Creation of a database on traded masks
- Inclusion of investigations against service providers such as notaries or tax advisors

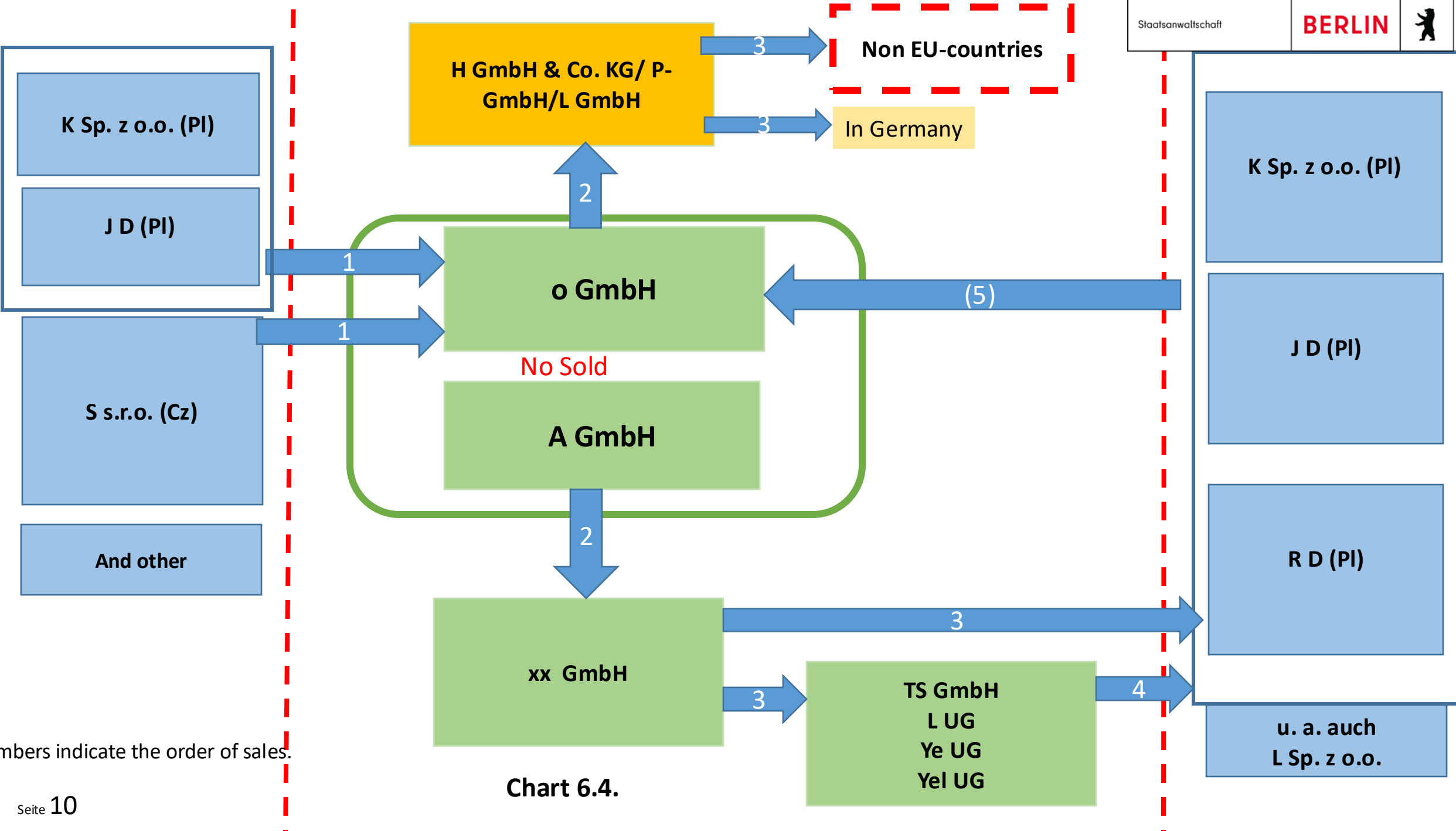


Chart 6.4.

Numbers indicate the order of sales.



03

CONVICTIONS AND ASSET RECOVERY

Convictions



- Convictions for tax fraud and forgery of documents against 3 leading members of the criminal group (between 8 ½ and 10 years), The managing director of X GmbH and one of his employees (5 ½ and 2 years)
- Conviction for forgery of documents and consider false notarisations of a notary (2 years on probation)
- Conviction of a family member for money laundering
- Conviction of 6 parties to confiscation

Asset recovery – freeze , seize and confiscate assets

confiscation orders € 27.4 million ; secured assets € 6.5 million



- Bank accounts
- Real estate
- Cars
- Luxury items
- Bitcoins
- NFTs





Thank you for your attention.

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