

ASSET RECOVERY

Practice and Strategies
Issues/Challenges and Recommendations

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PRACTICE and STRATEGY

THINGS TO REMEMBER

Best Practices

Understand that what works in other jurisdictions may not work in your jurisdiction

Legal and Procedural Frameworks Terminologies Same legal concept or procedure Legal systems, law enforcement may have a different terminology in a structures, resources, legislation different jurisdiction and procedures vary per jurisdiction **Agencies/Authorities Investigative Techniques** Concerned Permitted in other jurisdictions Jurisdictions may assign may not be permitted in your

different roles and responsibilities to those involved in assets recovery

Source: Asset Recovery Handbook – A Guide to Practitioners by JP Brun, L. Gray, C. Scott and KM Stephenson

jurisdiction or may have

different procedural

requirements



Stakeholders

Tax/Customs/Financial Investigators

Investigating Magistrates

Confiscation Officers/
Seizure Agents

Policy Decision Makers
- Civil and Common Law Jurisdictions

Judges

Others — Immigration, Treasury, Justice, Foreign Affairs, FlUs, Central Banks, Finance, etc.

Asset Managers (may include Disposal Team)

Prosecutors

Anti-Corruption Officers

Law Enforcement
Officers



Joint Task Forces

In some civil law jurisdictions, investigating magistrates may lead the investigation from beginning of the case until final adjudication. However, prosecutors may tend to focus on criminal conviction, not necessarily confiscation

With the establishment of Specialized Confiscation Units, confiscation investigators and prosecutors develop the specialized skills needed to present evidence effectively to enforce confiscation laws. They will go farther in identifying, tracing and linking assets to criminal activities to recover the proceeds of crime.

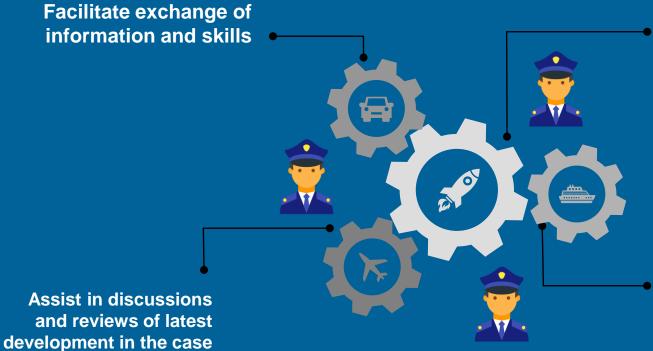


Authorities may consider forming Joint Task Forces that comprise various agencies, law enforcement authorities and even private sectors groups who have an interest in the prosecution or recovery of assets or both.

Joint Task Forces may include representatives from departments of Tax, Customs, Justice, Foreign Affairs, Treasury, Immigration as well as participants from FIUs, regulatory authority, central authority, asset management authority and other stakeholders



Joint Task Forces



Bring skills and expertise within their jurisdiction to the successful outcome of the case

IMPORTANT:

Clarify the respective roles of team members and other law enforcement authorities to avoid confusion and rivalries among the agencies

Source: Asset Recovery Handbook – A Guide to Practitioners by JP Brun, L. Gray, C. Scott and KM Stephenson



Challenges in Asset Recovery

Limited/Lack of:





knowledge and skills in asset recovery



political will and support from management



enterprise wider reporting, analysis and information intelligence



funding and resources provided to agencies/ authorities tasked to fight tax and financial crimes



information on Mutual Legal Agreement (MLA)/Tax Information Exchange Agreement (TIEA) procedures and requirements



resources in establishing Asset Recovery Offices, MLA Authorities, FIUs, etc.



Issues and Challenges

Overly complex procedures at the domestic level



Absence of

<u>expedient</u>

coordination

mechanism among

domestic authorities



Disparities between legal and institutional frameworks







Complex provisions in investigation, prosecution and judicial proceedings vary per country



Inflexible and resource intensive strategies and processes



Security Threats/ Risks

Source: Barriers to Asset Recovery Handbook and OECD Tax Academy instructors and participants



Issues and Challenges

Statute of Limitations and Bank Secrecy Law provisions



Political Interventions/
Conflict of Interests



Different terminologies to describe the same legal concepts







Limitations/restrictions as to what information shall be shared due to different interpretations (Data Privacy Act)



Shortcomings in Practice



Preservation Orders /
Retention Orders
(period to retain
records)

Source: Barriers to Asset Recovery Handbook and OECD Tax Academy instructors and participants



Recommendations



Develop cumulative knowledge in assets recovery cases as one priority field of action



Reinforce legal and institutional frameworks per country



Simplify procedures/ reengineer processes at the domestic level to align with international standards International and Domestic Cooperation



- Sharing of Best Practices Utilize and strengthen informal path to obtain legal assistance



Create Specialized
Confiscation Units
and Joint Task Forces
to expedite actions on
recovery of proceeds
of crime



Translate international standards into legislation, policies and practice



Source: Asset Recovery Handbook - A Guide to Practitioners by JP Brun, L. Gray, C. Scott and KM Stephenson and OCED Tax Academy instructors and participants

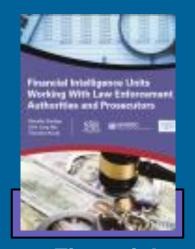




Study Materials



Asset Recovery Handbook



Financial
Intelligence
Units Working
With Law
Enforcement
Authorities and
Prosecutors



Barriers to Asset Recovery



International Partnerships on Asset Recovery



Towards a
Global
Architecture
for Asset
Recovery



Thank you for your attention!

