



**NATIONAL
WEATHER
SERVICE**

Eulerian and Lagrangian sampling of water masses along hurricanes

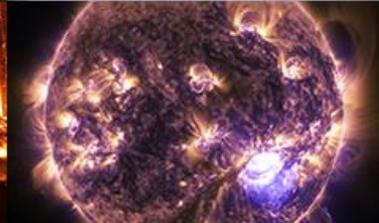
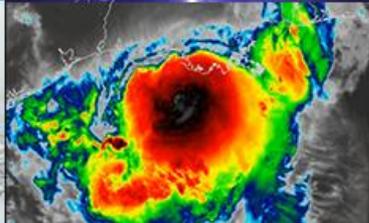
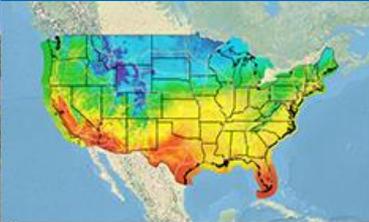
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Acknowledgment to the NOAA/EMC [HAFS Team](#), [Copernicus Marine Service](#)

¹NOAA/EMC, ²NOAA/OPC, ³Lynker at NOAA/EMC

Nov 18, 2024

OceanPredict'24 Symposium



Do you want to know:

1. How does the ocean surface change before/after a hurricane passes? (Exemplified using a recent hurricane.)
2. How different satellite derived data products (e.g., SSH, SST, SSS, surface currents, etc) compare to (“high-res”) ocean reanalysis?
3. What happens to the water column (temperature and salinity) under the hurricane track?

Recall/Remember:

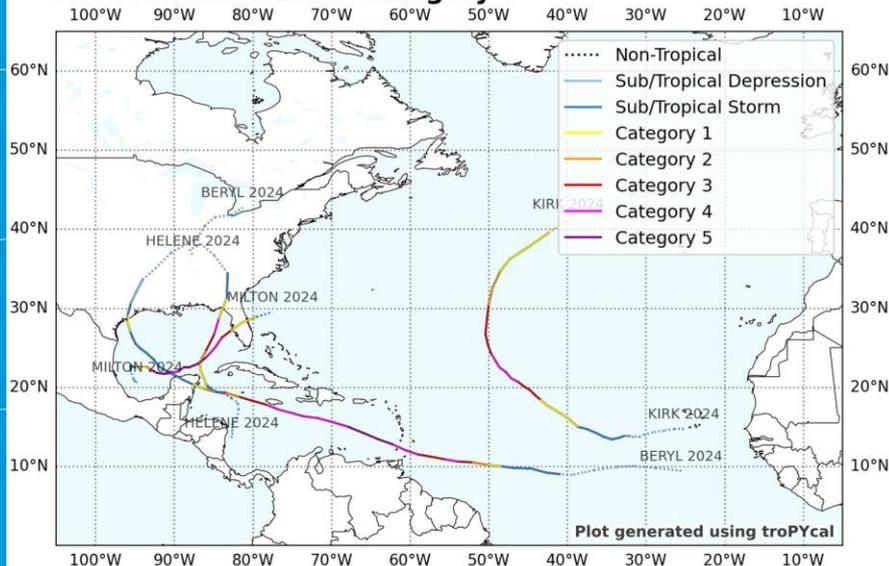
- Ocean is sparsely observed; it gets worse in severe weather (e.g., high wind speed, waves/swell, intense rain rate, etc), hence relying on reanalysis data.



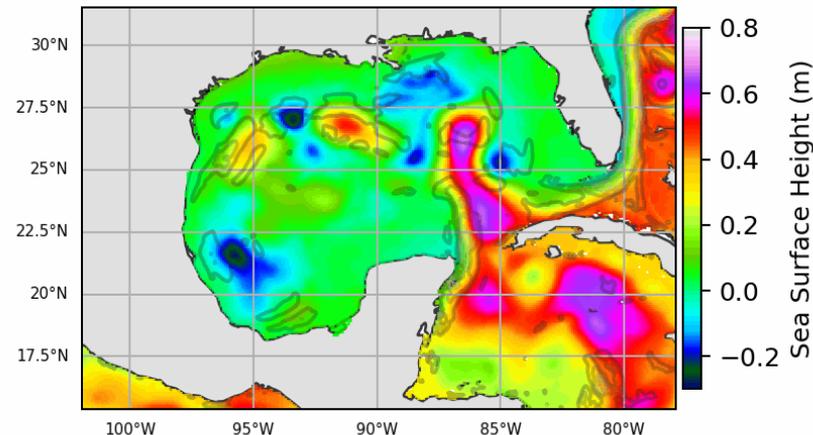
2024 Atlantic Hurricane season

- 4 Major (Cat 3+) hurricanes.
- \$190B damage.
- 388 fatalities.

North Atlantic basin category ≥ 4



2024-09-22HH00



Real-Time Ocean Forecasting System (RTOFS)

- Hourly SSH (shaded).
- Barotropic surface speed (contour).

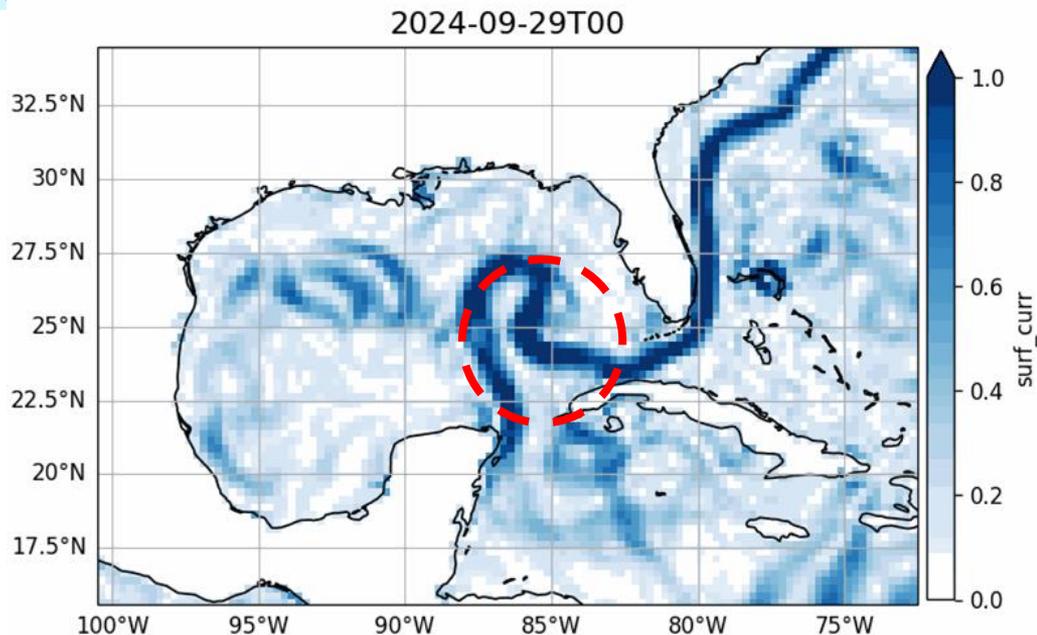


Example: Hurricane Milton (2024)

- **Formed:** Oct 05, 2024.
- **Dissipated:** Oct 12, 2024.
- **Fatalities:** 35; 6 missing.
- **Damage:** \$85 billion (est).
- Second most intense Atlantic hurricane in GoM.



Source: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Hurricane_Milton



Data: SSALTO/DUACS Geostrophic speed (Copernicus)

[Q] What happened to the loop current after the hurricane passed around October 10, 2024?



Data

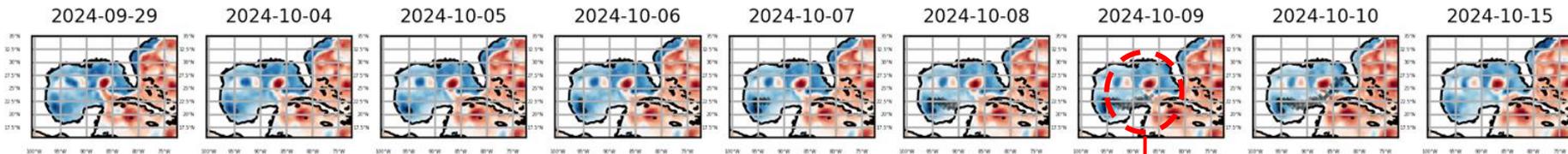
Field	Satellite Data Product	Ocean reanalysis (Mercator GLO12)
Sea Surface Height (SSH)	cmems_obs-sl_glo_phy-ssh_nrt_allsat-l4-duacs-0.25deg_P1D (ADT; SSALTO/DUACS AVISO)	cmems_mod_glo_phy_anfc_0.083deg_PT1H-m
Surface Temperature (SST)	METOFFICE-GLO-SST-L4-NRT-OBS-SST-V2 (OSTIA SST)	As above
Surface Salinity (SSS)	cmems_obs-mob_glo_phy-sss_nrt_multi_P1D (CNR SSS)	As above
Surface C urrents	cmems_obs_mob_glo_phy-cur_nrt_0.25deg_PT1H-i (GLOBCURRENT)	As above

Storm track data from: [Hurdat2](#). Thanks to [tropycal](#) python API.

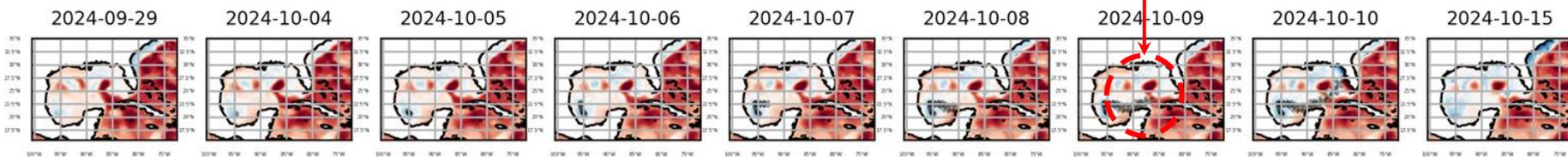


SSH comparison (5 days before/after + during storm)

AVISO ADT



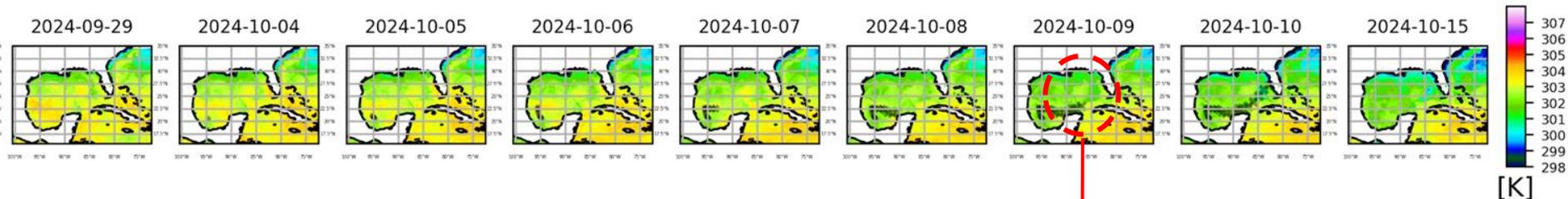
Mercator GLO12 (zos)



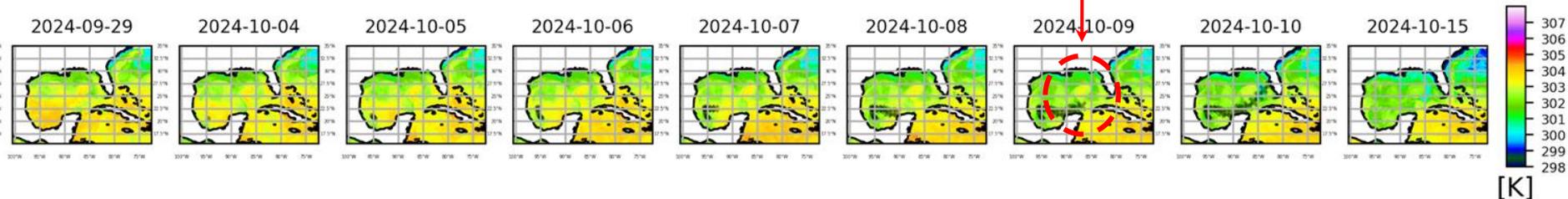
- Virtually identical looking fields (satellite/reanalysis), considering MDT.
- Did the hurricane intensity drop (cat 5 to 4) coincide with loop current crossing?

SST comparison (5 days before/after + during storm)

OSTIA SST



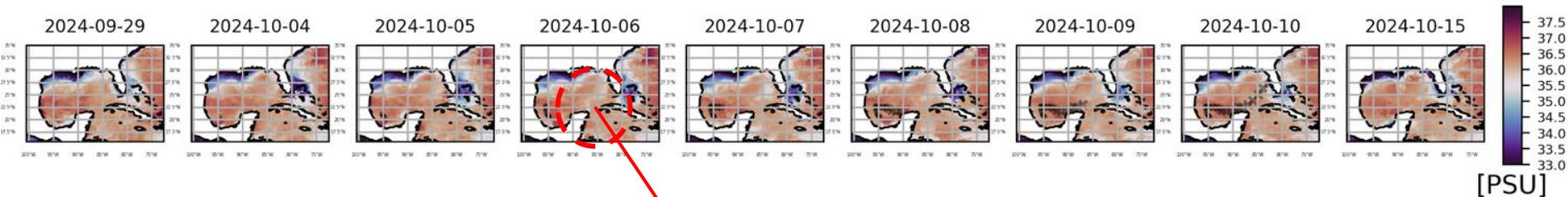
Mercator GLO12 (theta; potential temperature [K]!)



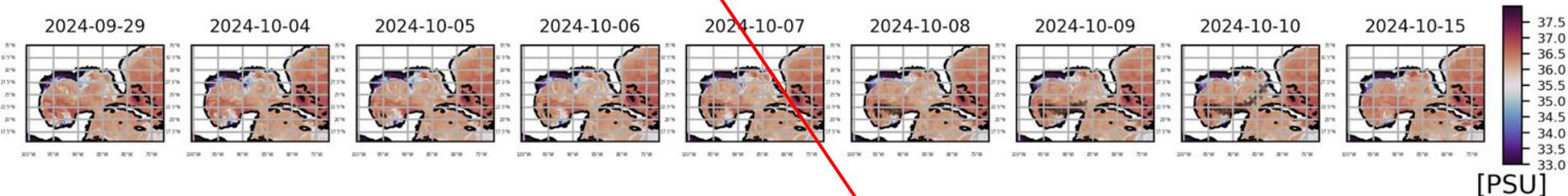
- Decrease in SST after passage.
- GLO12 SST > OSTIA SST; though note GLO12 SST is hourly and at about 0.5 m depth.

SSS comparison (5 days before/after + during storm)

CNS SSS



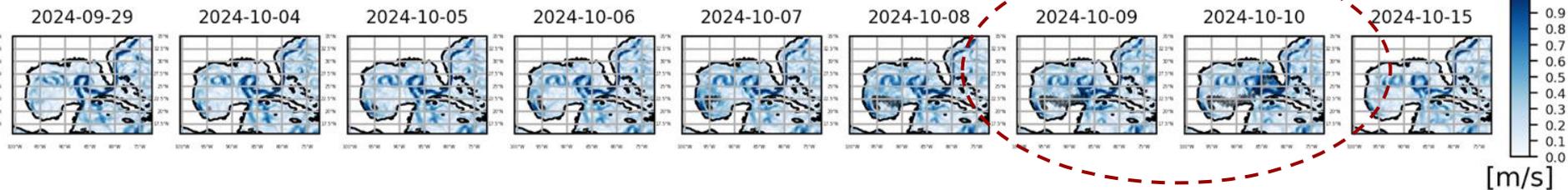
Mercator GLO12 (so)



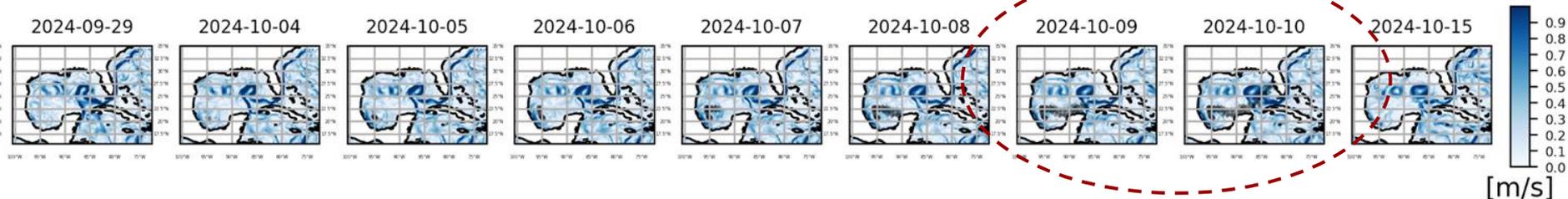
- Saltier after passage.
- Substantial differences between datasets. Is this hurricane path?

Surface speed comparison (5 days before/after + during storm)

GlobCurrent [surface speed ($z=0$)]

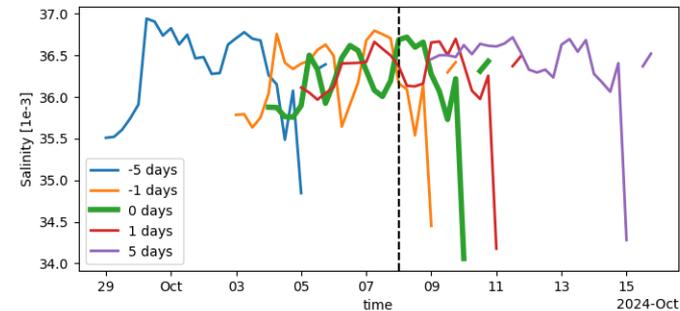
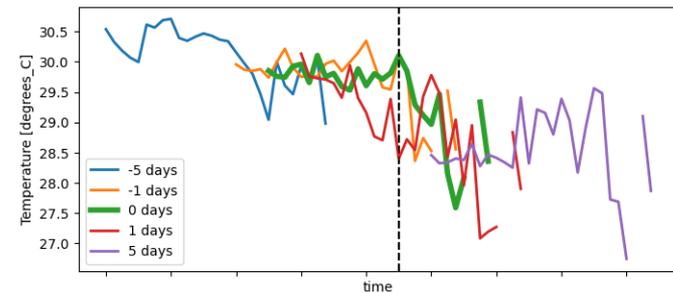
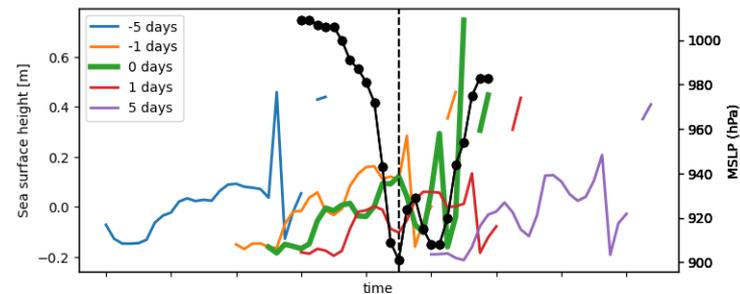
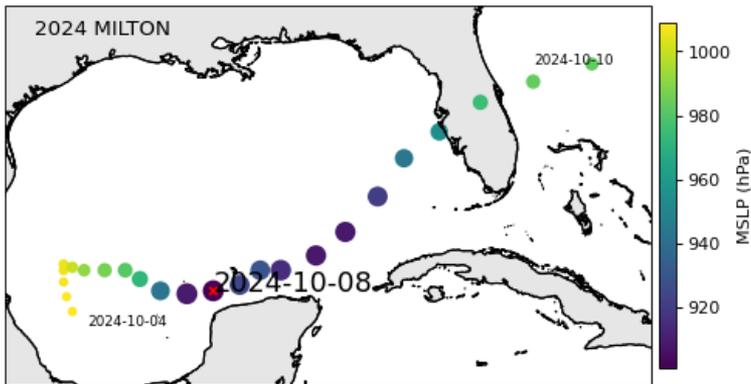


Mercator GLO12

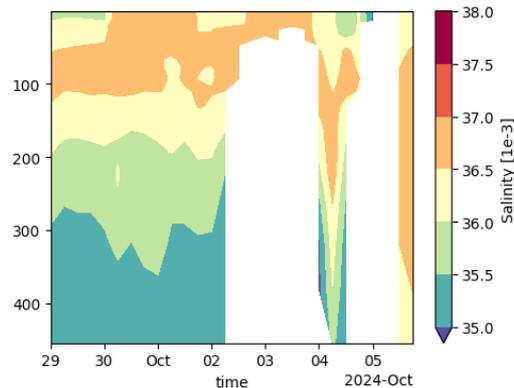
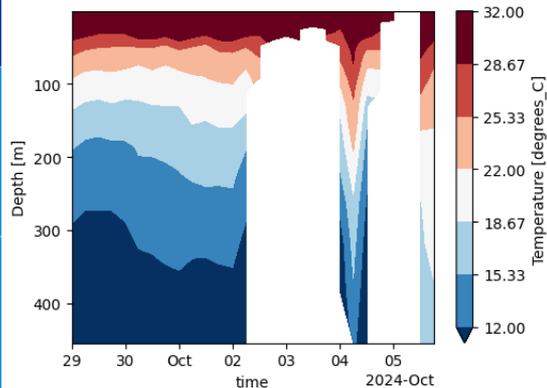


- [Q] What happened to the loop current after the hurricane passed around October 10, 2024?
- [A] Seems to have been broken!

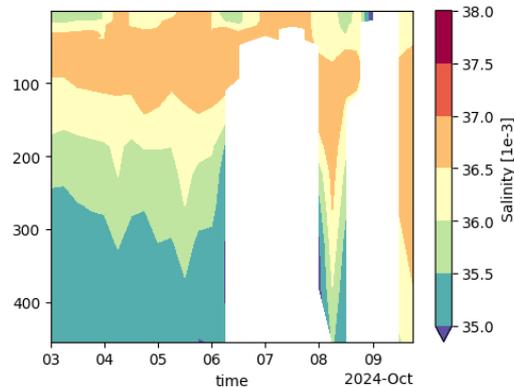
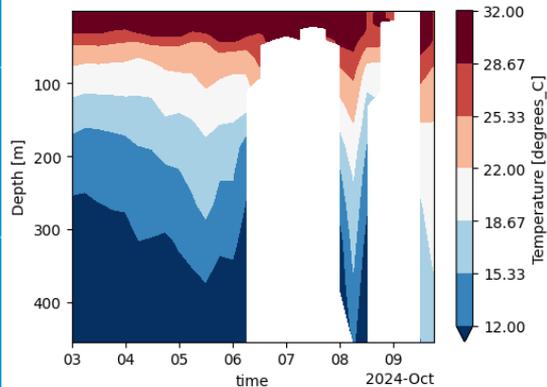
SSH, SST, SSS (GLO12) before and after storm



Subsurface T and S (GLO12) before and after storm



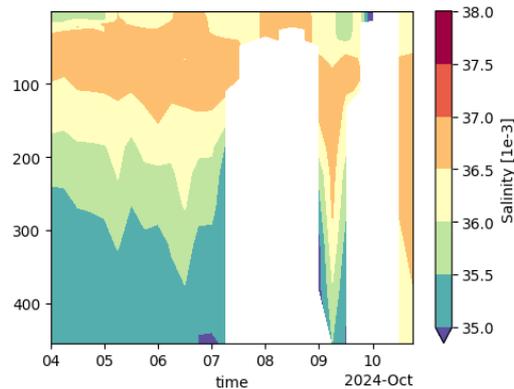
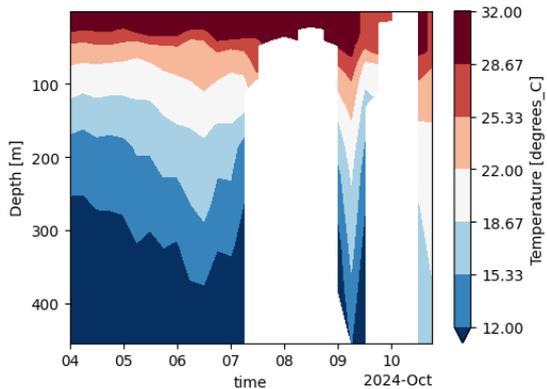
5 days before



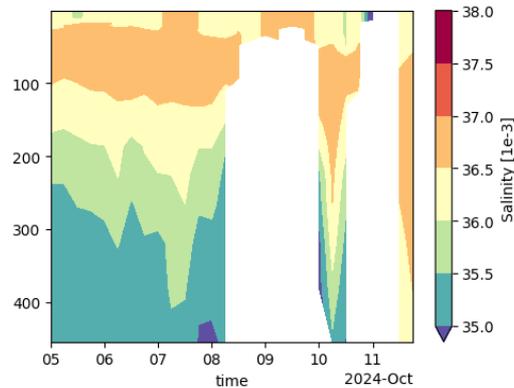
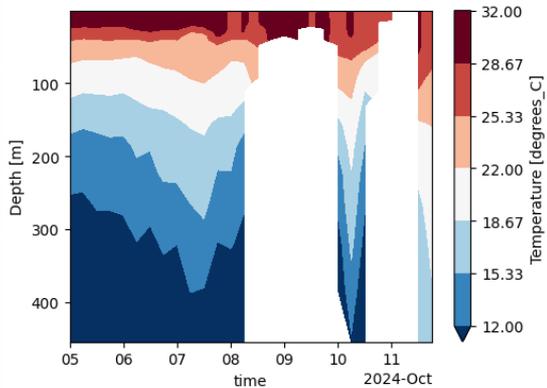
1 day before



Subsurface T and S (GLO12) before and after storm



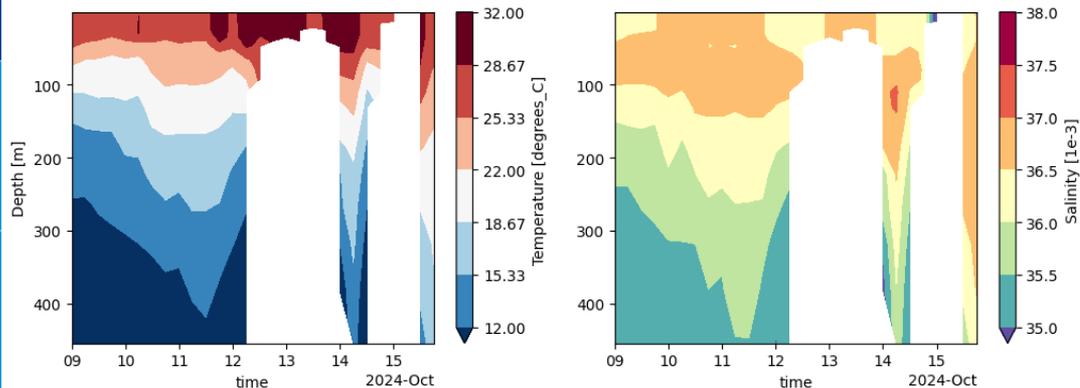
Along storm track



1 day after



Subsurface T and S (GLO12) before and after storm



5 days after

Notes:

- Upwelling along the hurricane path.
- Tilting of isotherms/isohalines.
- Loss of stratification in the wake of the storm.

Summary:

- Ocean reanalysis (Mercator GLO12) compares *well* with satellite data products of SSH, SST, SSS; many similarities in patterns.
 - Differences in resolution of datasets is apparent (GLO12 at 1/12-deg vs typical ¼-deg satellite datasets).
- What happens to the hurricane is a result of complex interaction with the ocean: air-sea fluxes are vital. Resolve dynamical interactions:
 - **Ocean:** Surface and subsurface T, S, currents, etc.
 - **Atmosphere:** Clouds, winds, aerosols/spray, etc.
 - **Waves:** Swell, wind-wave roughness/drag, etc.
- It remains to be seen how coupled models and assimilation systems depict hurricane atm-ocn-wav response with feedbacks.

Questions?

